

Table 11. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and selected case types, 2004-2006

Utah

Industry Sector ²	Total recordable cases			Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction ⁸									Other recordable cases		
				Total			Cases with days away from work ⁸			Cases with job transfer or restriction					
	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006
All industries including State and local government	5.7	5.6	5.1	2.2	2.4	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.1	3.5	3.2	3.0
Private industry ³	5.7	5.6	5.2	2.3	2.6	2.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.2	3.4	3.0	2.9
Goods producing ³	8.1	7.7	6.9	3.8	3.5	3.1	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.7	4.3	4.3	3.8
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	6.2	4.4	5.6	3.5	2.1	2.8	2.3	1.4	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.9	2.6	2.4	2.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	8.0	5.2	8.6	5.3	2.4	4.4	2.6	1.7	2.8	2.8	0.7	1.6	2.7	2.8	4.2
Mining ⁴	5.4	4.1	4.7	2.8	1.9	2.3	2.2	1.3	1.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	2.6	2.2	2.4
Construction	9.1	9.0	7.1	3.9	3.7	2.8	3.1	2.3	1.4	0.9	1.4	1.4	5.1	5.3	4.4
Manufacturing	7.7	7.3	6.9	3.8	3.5	3.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	2.5	2.3	2.1	3.9	3.8	3.5
Service providing	4.9	4.8	4.5	1.8	2.2	1.9	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.0	3.1	2.6	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	6.1	6.3	5.9	2.6	3.4	2.7	1.3	1.6	1.1	1.3	1.8	1.6	3.5	2.9	3.2
Wholesale trade	5.2	5.9	6.1	2.3	3.2	3.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.8	1.9	2.9	2.7	2.9
Retail trade	6.1	5.9	5.6	2.2	2.9	2.1	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.2	3.9	3.0	3.5
Transportation and Warehousing	--	7.9	6.9	--	4.8	3.9	--	2.4	1.7	--	2.4	2.3	--	3.1	2.9
Utilities	4.1	2.4	2.3	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.9	--	0.7	--	0.5	2.7	1.2	1.4
Information	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.0	1.2	1.6	0.5	0.8	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.7	1.4	1.0
Financial activities	1.4	1.2	2.1	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	--	0.9	0.7	1.1
Professional and business services	3.5	3.0	2.6	1.4	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.4	2.1	1.5	1.6
Education and health services	6.0	6.1	5.6	1.7	2.1	2.3	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.5	1.2	4.3	4.0	3.3
Educational services	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Health care and social assistance	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality	6.3	6.0	5.5	1.9	2.5	1.7	1.0	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	4.5	3.5	3.7
Other services, except public administration	4.4	5.0	4.5	1.3	1.3	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	1.0	3.1	3.7	2.9
State and local government	5.6	5.8	4.3	1.5	1.7	1.4	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.3	4.1	4.1	3.0
State government	4.1	4.7	4.3	1.1	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.5	2.9	3.7	2.9
Local government	6.6	6.5	4.3	1.7	2.1	1.3	0.9	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.0	0.2	4.9	4.4	3.0

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers

and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² *North American Industry Classification System*, 2002 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded

from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

⁷ Fewer than 15 cases.

⁸ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
All industries including State and local government ⁵		1,117.8	4.9	44.2	3	3
Private industry ⁵		961.8	5.0	39.1	3	3
Goods producing ⁵		225.3	6.6	14.4	4	4
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		13.1	5.5	0.8	12	12
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵	11	3.6	8.2	(⁹)	15	12
Crop production ⁵	111	1.5	6.1	(⁹)	15	16
Animal production ⁵	112	1.5	9.4	(⁹)	20	17
Mining ⁶	21	9.6	4.6	0.5	17	18
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	4.5	3.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Support activities for mining	213	4.0	7.0	(⁹)	25	29
Construction		91.7	7.0	5.9	8	8
Construction	23	91.7	7.0	5.9	8	8
Construction of buildings	236	20.4	4.5	0.9	30	31
Nonresidential building construction	2362	7.4	4.9	(⁹)	41	39
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	6.8	0.6	19	18
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	2.9	3.3	(⁹)	27	26
Specialty trade contractors	238	62.2	8.0	4.4	9	8
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	17.6	10.2	1.5	13	14
Building equipment contractors	2382	18.8	10.1	1.8	13	13
Electrical contractors	23821	8.5	9.6	0.7	20	20
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	9.5	11.1	1.0	17	16
Building finishing contractors	2383	14.9	5.0	0.7	22	22
Manufacturing		120.4	6.5	7.7	3	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Manufacturing	31-33	120.4	6.5	7.7	3	3
Food manufacturing	311	13.4	8.5	1.1	11	13
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.5	14.0	0.5	9	7
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	0.9	19.1	(⁹)	6	6
Paper manufacturing	322	2.8	5.8	(⁹)	14	13
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.0	2.5	(⁹)	34	35
Chemical manufacturing	325	7.9	5.4	(⁹)	8	9
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.4	10.1	(⁹)	17	18
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	5.6	(⁹)	12	13
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	3.1	5.4	(⁹)	21	22
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	7.1	(⁹)	8	8
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	11.9	10.4	1.2	9	9
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	6.1	10.8	0.7	10	10
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	0.4	12.1	(⁹)	5	6
Machinery manufacturing	333	5.7	5.8	(⁹)	9	8
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	0.7	10.1	(⁹)	13	12
Construction machinery manufacturing	33312	0.2	(¹²)	(¹²)	18	18
Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	3339	2.1	4.6	(⁹)	12	11
Material handling equipment manufacturing	33392	0.8	6.8	(⁹)	14	13
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	11.1	2.4	(⁹)	11	11
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	0.6	(¹²)	(¹²)	54	54
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	3.0	1.5	(⁹)	26	24
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	3.0	3.1	(⁹)	16	14
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	14.5	4.9	0.7	4	5
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	1.9	14.3	(⁹)	3	3
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	7.6	2.3	(⁹)	16	16
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	8.4	9.4	0.8	12	12
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet manufacturing	3371	6.4	10.5	0.7	14	14
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	16.1	4.1	0.7	7	10
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	7.5	1.9	(⁹)	15	15
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	8.6	6.1	0.5	11	12
Service providing		736.5	4.3	24.6	4	4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		229.9	5.8	11.3	4	4
Wholesale trade	42	44.3	6.1	2.6	13	12
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	22.5	6.9	1.5	17	17
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	5.6	6.5	(⁹)	15	15
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	13.1	7.2	0.9	15	16
Retail trade	44-45	139.3	5.5	6.0	6	5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	17.5	5.2	0.8	19	19
Automobile dealers	4411	10.2	4.3	(⁹)	17	17
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	12.8	9.9	1.1	7	6
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	11.3	10.4	1.1	6	6
Home centers	44411	5.7	14.6	0.8	7	7
Food and beverage stores	445	22.8	9.4	1.5	8	7
Grocery stores	4451	19.8	10.0	1.4	9	8
General merchandise stores	452	27.1	6.5	1.3	4	5
Department stores	4521	9.4	5.3	(⁹)	12	12
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	42.3	6.6	2.7	5	5
Air transportation	481	6.7	7.5	(⁹)	3	3
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	1.8	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Truck transportation	484	18.2	5.2	1.0	12	12
Utilities	22	4.0	2.2	(⁹)	12	12
Utilities	221	4.0	2.2	(⁹)	12	12
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	2.8	2.5	(⁹)	12	12
Information		31.2	2.4	0.6	20	19
Information	51	31.2	2.4	0.6	20	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.1	1.7	(⁹)	20	20
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	3.8	3.4	(⁹)	11	7
Newspaper publishers	51111	2.2	4.3	(⁹)	8	6
Financial activities		70.5	1.9	1.2	40	41
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	17.3	3.2	0.5	38	40
Real estate	531	11.7	2.0	(⁹)	52	52
Professional and business services		151.2	2.4	2.7	14	13
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	59.4	0.7	(⁹)	39	39
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	59.4	0.7	(⁹)	39	39
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	73.9	3.9	1.7	19	17
Administrative and support services	561	70.6	3.8	1.6	20	18
Employment services	5613	24.5	11.8	0.5	21	34
Education and health services		119.4	5.3	4.4	7	5
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	40.4	1.8	0.5	17	18
Hospitals	622	28.8	7.5	1.5	1	1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	19.3	11.4	1.6	12	13
Leisure and hospitality		107.4	5.4	3.4	13	13
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	17.1	7.4	0.6	6	9
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	12.8	7.8	0.5	8	11
Accommodation and food services	72	90.3	5.1	2.8	16	16

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Other services		26.8	4.5	0.9	29	27
Other services, except public administration	81	26.8	4.5	0.9	29	27
Repair and maintenance	811	12.9	4.2	(⁹)	37	40
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.0	4.2	(⁹)	19	18
State and local government		156.0	4.2	5.2	10	11
State government		53.1	4.2	1.9	9	8
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		--	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Education and health services		32.1	6.1	1.4	6	6
Educational services	61	24.7	5.2	0.8	11	9
Educational services	611	24.7	5.2	0.8	11	9
Junior colleges	6112	4.0	3.4	(⁹)	35	28
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	18.7	4.2	0.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Health care and social assistance	62	7.4	8.3	0.6	1	3
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	30.0	(⁹)	26	26
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.1	30.0	(⁹)	26	26
Public administration		19.9	2.0	(⁹)	29	30
Public administration	92	19.9	2.0	(⁹)	29	30
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	2.2	1.7	(⁹)	17	16
Administration of human resource programs	923	5.9	1.2	(⁹)	18	17
Local government		103.0	4.2	3.3	15	17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Goods producing ⁵		1.1	7.4	(⁹)	35	38
Service providing		101.8	4.2	3.2	15	17
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		6.1	7.6	(⁹)	27	25
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	4.1	9.8	(⁹)	28	29
Utilities	22	2.0	4.2	(⁹)	47	47
Information		1.2	(¹²)	(¹²)	25	22
Financial activities		--	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Professional and business services		0.6	9.4	(⁹)	28	23
Education and health services		61.9	2.4	1.1	35	42
Leisure and hospitality		3.8	3.0	(⁹)	38	34
Public administration		27.8	7.2	1.6	14	17
Public administration	92	27.8	7.2	1.6	14	17
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	14.5	7.4	0.8	19	21
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	7.8	0.6	25	33

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error ¹¹	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.7	(¹²)	(¹²)	31	36
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	0.9	7.4	(⁹)	28	32
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	0.5	7.8	(⁹)	22	17

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration

made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.

¹⁰ Percent relative standard error less than 0.5.

¹¹ Relative standard errors were not calculated for coal and lignite mining (NAICS 2121), metal, and nonmetal mining (NAICS 2122 and 2123), and rail transportation (NAICS 482).

¹² Fewer than 15 cases.

¹³ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including State and local government ³		1.7	0.3	0.1	(⁴)	0.1	1.1
Private industry ³		1.6	0.2	0.1	(⁴)	0.1	1.1
Goods producing ³		0.6	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1	0.4
Natural resources and mining ^{3,5}		(⁴)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	11	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Crop production ³	111	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Animal production ³	112	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Mining ⁵	21	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶	212	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Support activities for mining	213	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Construction		0.1	--	--	(⁸)	--	(⁴)
Construction	23	0.1	--	--	(⁸)	--	(⁴)
Construction of buildings	236	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--	(⁸)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Specialty trade contractors	238	0.1	--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Manufacturing		0.5	0.1	(⁴)	(⁸)	0.1	0.4
Manufacturing	31-33	0.5	0.1	(⁴)	(⁸)	0.1	0.4
Food manufacturing	311	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Wood product manufacturing	321	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Paper manufacturing	322	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Chemical manufacturing	325	(⁴)	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	--	(⁴)
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	(⁴)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)	(⁸)
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Primary metal manufacturing	331	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Machinery manufacturing	333	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.1
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	0.1	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.1
Service providing		1.0	0.2	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		0.3	(⁸)	(⁴)	--	(⁸)	0.2
Wholesale trade	42	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Retail trade	44-45	0.1	(⁸)	--	--	(⁸)	0.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)
Food and beverage stores	445	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
General merchandise stores	452	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.1
Transportation and warehousing⁷	48-49	0.1	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.1
Air transportation	481	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Rail transportation ⁷	482	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Truck transportation	484	(⁸)	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Utilities	22	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Utilities	221	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Information		--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Information	51	--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Financial activities		--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	(⁸)	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Real estate	531	(⁸)	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Professional and business services		0.3	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	(⁸)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Administrative and support services	561	--	(⁸)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Education and health services		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.2
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Hospitals	622	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	0.1	--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.1
Leisure and hospitality		--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Accommodation and food services	72	--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Other services		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Other services, except public administration	81	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Repair and maintenance	811	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
State and local government		0.1	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
State government		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Education and health services		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Educational services	61	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Educational services	611	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Health care and social assistance	62	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Leisure and hospitality		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Public administration		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Public administration	92	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Administration of human resource programs	923	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Local government		0.1	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Goods producing ³		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Service providing		0.1	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁴)
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁷		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Transportation and warehousing ⁷	48-49	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Utilities	22	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Information		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Financial activities		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Professional and business services		(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Education and health services		--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Leisure and hospitality		--	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Public administration		(⁴)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Public administration	92	(⁴)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	(⁴)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	--
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah							
(In thousands)							
Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Administration of human resource programs	923	--	(⁸)	--	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Fewer than 50 cases.

⁵ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health

Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁸ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 8. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including State and local government ⁴		19.1	3.2	1.6	0.3	1.4	12.7
Private industry ⁴		20.8	3.1	1.7	0.3	1.5	14.0
Goods producing ⁴		29.6	4.4	2.6	(⁹)	4.4	18.1
Natural resources and mining ^{4,6}		17.9	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴	11	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Crop production ⁴	111	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Animal production ⁴	112	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Mining ⁶	21	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Support activities for mining	213	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		9.6	--	--	(⁹)	--	3.2
Construction	23	9.6	--	--	(⁹)	--	3.2
Construction of buildings	236	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Specialty trade contractors	238	11.2	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	3.3
Manufacturing		45.1	5.5	2.6	(⁹)	7.1	29.7
Manufacturing	31-33	45.1	5.5	2.6	(⁹)	7.1	29.7
Food manufacturing	311	38.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	24.3
Wood product manufacturing	321	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Paper manufacturing	322	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Chemical manufacturing	325	45.9	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	--	27.4
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	105.5	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	64.0	(⁹)
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Primary metal manufacturing	331	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	26.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Machinery manufacturing	333	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	78.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	69.3
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	74.6	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	57.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	66.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	49.2
Service providing		17.4	2.7	1.4	0.3	0.5	12.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		12.8	(⁹)	1.3	--	(⁹)	10.1
Wholesale trade	42	5.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	5.8
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	19.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	19.3
Retail trade	44-45	12.1	(⁹)	--	--	(⁹)	9.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Food and beverage stores	445	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
General merchandise stores	452	34.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	29.9
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	22.3	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	17.4
Air transportation	481	57.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	37.1
Rail transportation ⁸	482	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Truck transportation	484	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Utilities	22	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Utilities	221	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Information		--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Information	51	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Financial activities		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Real estate	531	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Professional and business services		24.8	1.4	1.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	20.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	4.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	4.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	(⁹)	3.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Administrative and support services	561	--	(⁹)	4.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Education and health services		26.0	3.1	2.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	20.2
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	8.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	7.7
Hospitals	622	33.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	17.8
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	65.9	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	57.0
Leisure and hospitality		--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Accommodation and food services	72	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Other services		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Other services, except public administration	81	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Repair and maintenance	811	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
State and local government		8.6	3.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	3.8
State government		7.7	5.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Education and health services		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Educational services	61	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Educational services	611	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Health care and social assistance	62	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Leisure and hospitality		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Public administration		11.2	9.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Public administration	92	11.2	9.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Administration of human resource programs	923	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Local government		9.1	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	4.8
Goods producing ⁴		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Service providing		9.2	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	4.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Utilities	22	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Information		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Financial activities		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Professional and business services		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Education and health services		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Leisure and hospitality		--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Public administration		17.2	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Public administration	92	17.2	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	27.1	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

Utah							
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Administration of human resource programs	923	--	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the

coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government ⁵		1,117.8	46.0	19.2	9.2	10.0	26.8
Private industry ⁵		961.8	40.7	17.5	7.9	9.6	23.2
Goods producing ⁵		225.3	15.1	6.8	3.0	3.7	8.3
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		13.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵	11	3.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Crop production ⁵	111	1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Animal production ⁵	112	1.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.1
Mining ⁶	21	9.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	4.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Support activities for mining	213	4.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Construction		91.7	6.0	2.3	1.2	1.2	3.7
Construction	23	91.7	6.0	2.3	1.2	1.2	3.7
Construction of buildings	236	20.4	0.9	0.4	(⁹)	0.4	0.5
Nonresidential building construction	2362	7.4	0.4	0.2	(⁹)	0.1	0.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	2.9	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	62.2	4.5	1.8	1.1	0.7	2.7
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	17.6	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.6
Building equipment contractors	2382	18.8	1.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.4
Electrical contractors	23821	8.5	0.7	0.2	--	0.1	0.6
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	9.5	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.9
Building finishing contractors	2383	14.9	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Manufacturing		120.4	8.3	4.0	1.6	2.5	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Manufacturing	31-33	120.4	8.3	4.0	1.6	2.5	4.2
Food manufacturing	311	13.4	1.2	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.6
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	0.9	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Paper manufacturing	322	2.8	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.0	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Chemical manufacturing	325	7.9	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.4	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	3.1	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.1
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	11.9	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.7
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	6.1	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	0.4	0.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Machinery manufacturing	333	5.7	0.4	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.2
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	0.7	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	0.1
Construction machinery manufacturing	33312	0.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	3339	2.1	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	0.1
Material handling equipment manufacturing	33392	0.8	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	11.1	0.3	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.2
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	0.6	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	--
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	3.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	3.0	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	14.5	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.4
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	1.9	0.3	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.2
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	7.6	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	8.4	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet manufacturing	3371	6.4	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	16.1	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	7.5	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.1
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	8.6	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Service providing		736.5	25.6	10.8	4.9	5.9	14.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		229.9	11.6	5.3	2.2	3.1	6.3
Wholesale trade	42	44.3	2.6	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.2
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	22.5	1.5	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.8
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	5.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	13.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.3
Retail trade	44-45	139.3	6.1	2.3	0.9	1.3	3.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	17.5	0.9	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.7
Automobile dealers	4411	10.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	12.8	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.7
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	11.3	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.6
Home centers	44411	5.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4
Food and beverage stores	445	22.8	1.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.0
Grocery stores	4451	19.8	1.4	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.9
General merchandise stores	452	27.1	1.4	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.7
Department stores	4521	9.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	42.3	2.8	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.2
Air transportation	481	6.7	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Truck transportation	484	18.2	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5
Utilities	22	4.0	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	0.1
Utilities	221	4.0	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	0.1
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	2.8	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Information		31.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3
Information	51	31.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.1	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	0.1
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	3.8	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	0.1
Newspaper publishers	51111	2.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	0.1
Financial activities		70.5	1.3	0.6	0.2	--	0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	17.3	0.5	0.1	--	--	0.4
Real estate	531	11.7	0.2	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	0.2
Professional and business services		151.2	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.5	1.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	59.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	59.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.4
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	73.9	2.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.2
Administrative and support services	561	70.6	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.0
Employment services	5613	24.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Education and health services		119.4	4.6	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.7
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	40.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
Hospitals	622	28.8	1.6	0.5	0.2	0.3	1.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	19.3	1.7	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.7
Leisure and hospitality		107.4	3.5	1.1	0.4	0.7	2.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	17.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	12.8	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2
Accommodation and food services	72	90.3	2.9	0.8	0.3	0.4	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Other services		26.8	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Other services, except public administration	81	26.8	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Repair and maintenance	811	12.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.0	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
State and local government		156.0	5.3	1.6	1.3	0.4	3.6
State government		53.1	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.3
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		--	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Education and health services		32.1	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.0
Educational services	61	24.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Educational services	611	24.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Junior colleges	6112	4.0	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	18.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
Health care and social assistance	62	7.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.4
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Public administration		19.9	0.4	0.2	--	--	0.2
Public administration	92	19.9	0.4	0.2	--	--	0.2
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	2.2	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Administration of human resource programs	923	5.9	0.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	--	0.1
Local government		103.0	3.4	1.0	0.9	0.1	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Goods producing ⁵		1.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Service providing		101.8	3.3	1.0	0.8	0.1	2.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		6.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	4.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Utilities	22	2.0	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	--
Information		1.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Financial activities		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Professional and business services		0.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Education and health services		61.9	1.1	0.3	0.3	(¹⁰)	0.8
Leisure and hospitality		3.8	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Public administration		27.8	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.1
Public administration	92	27.8	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	14.5	0.8	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	0.6	0.2	0.2	--	0.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	--	(¹⁰)	--
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	0.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	--	(¹⁰)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	0.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002 Edition

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.

¹⁰ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government ⁶		1,117.8	5.1	2.1	1.0	1.1	3.0
Private industry ⁶		961.8	5.2	2.2	1.0	1.2	2.9
Goods producing ⁶		225.3	6.9	3.1	1.4	1.7	3.8
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		13.1	5.6	2.8	2.0	0.9	2.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	3.6	8.6	4.4	2.8	1.6	4.2
Crop production ⁶	111	1.5	6.2	3.9	(¹¹)	3.1	2.3
Animal production ⁶	112	1.5	10.2	5.8	5.4	(¹¹)	4.4
Mining ⁷	21	9.6	4.7	2.3	1.7	0.7	2.4
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸	212	4.5	3.1	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.4
Support activities for mining	213	4.0	7.3	3.4	2.2	1.2	3.9
Construction		91.7	7.1	2.8	1.4	1.4	4.4
Construction	23	91.7	7.1	2.8	1.4	1.4	4.4
Construction of buildings	236	20.4	4.5	2.0	0.2	1.8	2.5
Nonresidential building construction	2362	7.4	5.1	2.1	0.4	1.7	3.0
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	6.9	1.6	0.7	0.9	5.3
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	2.9	3.3	1.2	0.6	0.6	2.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	62.2	8.1	3.2	1.9	1.3	4.9
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	17.6	10.2	5.9	3.8	2.1	4.2
Building equipment contractors	2382	18.8	10.3	2.1	1.2	0.8	8.2
Electrical contractors	23821	8.5	9.7	2.2	--	1.2	7.5
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	9.5	11.5	2.0	1.4	0.6	9.5
Building finishing contractors	2383	14.9	5.0	1.8	1.0	0.8	3.2
Manufacturing		120.4	6.9	3.4	1.3	2.1	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Manufacturing	31-33	120.4	6.9	3.4	1.3	2.1	3.5
Food manufacturing	311	13.4	8.9	4.6	1.5	3.1	4.4
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.5	14.0	7.3	3.8	3.4	6.8
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	0.9	19.2	5.8	1.8	4.0	13.4
Paper manufacturing	322	2.8	5.9	2.1	1.1	1.0	3.8
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.0	2.5	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	1.6
Chemical manufacturing	325	7.9	5.9	3.3	1.2	2.0	2.6
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.4	11.1	6.5	1.9	4.6	4.6
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	5.8	2.6	0.9	1.7	3.2
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	3.1	5.4	2.8	1.3	1.5	2.6
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	7.4	4.4	1.3	3.1	3.0
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	11.9	10.6	4.3	2.0	2.3	6.3
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	6.1	10.9	4.9	2.7	2.2	6.0
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	0.4	12.1	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	11.4
Machinery manufacturing	333	5.7	6.1	2.1	0.8	1.3	4.0
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	0.7	10.4	2.2	1.9	(¹¹)	8.2
Construction machinery manufacturing	33312	0.2	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	3339	2.1	4.7	2.3	(¹¹)	1.9	2.4
Material handling equipment manufacturing	33392	0.8	6.8	4.3	(¹¹)	3.7	2.5
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	11.1	2.5	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.5
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	0.6	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	--
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	3.0	1.7	0.8	(¹¹)	0.6	1.0
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	3.0	3.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.6
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	14.5	5.6	2.6	1.0	1.6	3.1
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	1.9	14.8	5.8	2.0	3.9	9.0
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	7.6	2.5	0.9	0.5	0.5	1.6
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	8.4	10.1	6.5	2.5	4.0	3.6
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet manufacturing	3371	6.4	11.4	7.3	2.8	4.5	4.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	16.1	4.8	2.0	0.8	1.2	2.8
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	7.5	2.6	1.5	0.6	0.9	1.1
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	8.6	6.8	2.4	1.0	1.4	4.4
Service providing		736.5	4.5	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		229.9	5.9	2.7	1.1	1.6	3.2
Wholesale trade	42	44.3	6.1	3.3	1.4	1.9	2.9
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	22.5	6.9	3.1	1.9	1.1	3.8
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	5.6	6.5	3.0	1.8	1.2	3.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	13.1	7.3	5.1	1.2	3.9	2.2
Retail trade	44-45	139.3	5.6	2.1	0.9	1.2	3.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	17.5	5.3	1.1	0.9	0.3	4.2
Automobile dealers	4411	10.2	4.6	1.3	0.9	0.4	3.3
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	12.8	10.0	4.3	1.6	2.7	5.8
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	11.3	10.5	4.4	1.5	2.9	6.1
Home centers	44411	5.7	14.8	6.4	2.0	4.4	8.4
Food and beverage stores	445	22.8	9.5	3.5	1.7	1.8	6.0
Grocery stores	4451	19.8	10.1	3.5	1.8	1.7	6.6
General merchandise stores	452	27.1	6.8	3.4	1.0	2.4	3.4
Department stores	4521	9.4	5.8	2.3	1.1	1.3	3.4
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	42.3	6.9	3.9	1.7	2.3	2.9
Air transportation	481	6.7	8.1	4.7	2.3	2.3	3.4
Rail transportation ⁹	482	--	1.8	1.3	0.9	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Truck transportation	484	18.2	5.2	2.5	1.6	1.0	2.7
Utilities	22	4.0	2.3	0.8	(¹¹)	0.5	1.4
Utilities	221	4.0	2.3	0.8	(¹¹)	0.5	1.4
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	2.8	2.5	0.8	(¹¹)	0.6	1.7
Information		31.2	2.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.0
Information	51	31.2	2.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.1	1.8	0.5	0.4	(¹¹)	1.3
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	3.8	3.5	1.1	1.0	(¹¹)	2.3
Newspaper publishers	51111	2.2	4.3	1.6	1.4	(¹¹)	2.7
Financial activities		70.5	2.1	0.9	0.4	--	1.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	17.3	3.2	0.8	--	--	2.4
Real estate	531	11.7	2.1	0.3	--	0.1	1.7
Professional and business services		151.2	2.6	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	59.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	(¹¹)	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	59.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	(¹¹)	0.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	73.9	4.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.6
Administrative and support services	561	70.6	4.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.6
Employment services	5613	24.5	12.0	7.4	5.3	2.1	4.6
Education and health services		119.4	5.6	2.3	1.0	1.2	3.3
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	40.4	1.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.5
Hospitals	622	28.8	7.9	2.4	1.1	1.3	5.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	19.3	12.1	7.3	2.9	4.4	4.7
Leisure and hospitality		107.4	5.5	1.7	0.7	1.1	3.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	17.1	7.4	4.4	1.1	3.4	3.0
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	12.8	7.8	5.1	0.9	4.2	2.7
Accommodation and food services	72	90.3	5.2	1.4	0.6	0.8	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Other services		26.8	4.5	1.6	0.6	1.0	2.9
Other services, except public administration	81	26.8	4.5	1.6	0.6	1.0	2.9
Repair and maintenance	811	12.9	4.2	1.9	0.7	--	2.3
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.0	4.2	2.1	1.1	1.0	2.2
State and local government		156.0	4.3	1.4	1.1	0.3	3.0
State government		53.1	4.3	1.4	0.9	0.5	2.9
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		--	3.6	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Education and health services		32.1	6.1	1.8	1.1	0.7	4.3
Educational services	61	24.7	5.2	1.7	0.8	0.9	3.5
Educational services	611	24.7	5.2	1.7	0.8	0.9	3.5
Junior colleges	6112	4.0	3.4	1.8	(¹¹)	1.3	1.7
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	18.7	4.3	1.2	0.7	0.5	3.0
Health care and social assistance	62	7.4	8.4	1.9	1.8	(¹¹)	6.4
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	30.0	18.8	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.1	30.0	18.8	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Public administration		19.9	2.1	0.9	--	--	1.2
Public administration	92	19.9	2.1	0.9	--	--	1.2
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	2.2	1.7	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	1.0
Administration of human resource programs	923	5.9	1.3	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	--	1.0
Local government		103.0	4.3	1.3	1.1	0.2	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Goods producing ⁶		1.1	7.4	3.3	2.7	--	4.1
Service providing		101.8	4.3	1.3	1.1	0.2	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		6.1	7.7	1.8	1.1	0.7	5.9
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	4.1	9.8	2.1	1.5	0.6	7.7
Utilities	22	2.0	4.2	1.2	(¹¹)	0.8	--
Information		1.2	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Financial activities		--	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Professional and business services		0.6	9.7	6.6	3.6	(¹¹)	3.1
Education and health services		61.9	2.5	0.7	0.7	(¹¹)	1.8
Leisure and hospitality		3.8	3.8	1.4	1.4	(¹¹)	2.5
Public administration		27.8	7.4	2.3	1.9	0.4	5.1
Public administration	92	27.8	7.4	2.3	1.9	0.4	5.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	14.5	7.6	2.0	1.8	0.3	5.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	7.8	2.5	2.1	--	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.7	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	--	(¹¹)	--
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	0.9	7.4	3.9	(¹¹)	--	(¹¹)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	0.5	8.0	5.1	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 5. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry sector and category of illness, 2006

Utah												
Industry sector ²	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers						Numbers of illnesses in thousands					
All industries including State and local government	19.1	3.2	1.6	0.3	1.4	12.7	1.7	0.3	0.1	(⁶)	0.1	1.1
Private industry ³	20.8	3.1	1.7	0.3	1.5	14.0	1.6	0.2	0.1	(⁶)	0.1	1.1
Goods producing ³	29.6	4.4	2.6	(⁷)	4.4	18.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	(⁷)	0.1	0.4
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	17.9	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁶)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Mining ⁴	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Construction	9.6	--	--	(⁷)	--	3.2	0.1	--	--	(⁷)	--	(⁶)
Manufacturing	45.1	5.5	2.6	(⁷)	7.1	29.7	0.5	0.1	(⁶)	(⁷)	0.1	0.4
Service providing	17.4	2.7	1.4	0.3	0.5	12.5	1.0	0.2	0.1	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	12.8	(⁷)	1.3	--	(⁷)	10.1	0.3	(⁷)	(⁶)	--	(⁷)	0.2
Wholesale trade	5.8	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	5.8	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁶)
Retail trade	12.1	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	9.3	0.1	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	0.1
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	22.3	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	17.4	0.1	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	0.1
Utilities	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Information	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Financial activities	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--
Finance and insurance	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Real estate and rental and leasing	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	--
Professional and business services	24.8	1.4	1.8	(⁷)	(⁷)	20.4	0.3	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	0.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services	4.3	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Management of companies and enterprises	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	--	(⁷)	3.9	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--
Education and health services	26.0	3.1	2.4	(⁷)	(⁷)	20.2	0.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	0.2
Educational services	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Health care and social assistance	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Accommodation and food services	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	--	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Other services	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Other services, except public administration	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
State and local government	8.6	3.5	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	3.8	0.1	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁶)
State government	7.7	5.3	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)
Local government	9.1	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	4.8	0.1	--	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁶)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as:

(N/EH) x 20,000,000 where:

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2002 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2002 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Fewer than 50 cases.

⁷ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 4. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2006

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
All industries including State and local government ⁵		1,117.8	4.9	44.2
Private industry ⁵		961.8	5.0	39.1
Goods producing⁵		225.3	6.6	14.4
Natural resources and mining^{5,6}		13.1	5.5	0.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵	11	3.6	8.2	0.3
Crop production ⁵	111	1.5	6.1	0.1
Animal production ⁵	112	1.5	9.4	0.1
Mining⁶	21	9.6	4.6	0.5
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	4.5	3.1	0.2
Support activities for mining	213	4.0	7.0	0.3
Construction		91.7	7.0	5.9
Construction	23	91.7	7.0	5.9
Construction of buildings	236	20.4	4.5	0.9
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	6.8	0.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	62.2	8.0	4.4
Manufacturing		120.4	6.5	7.7
Manufacturing	31-33	120.4	6.5	7.7
Food manufacturing	311	13.4	8.5	1.1
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.5	14.0	0.5
Paper manufacturing	322	2.8	5.8	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.0	2.5	(⁹)
Chemical manufacturing	325	7.9	5.4	0.4
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.4	10.1	0.4
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	5.6	0.3
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	7.1	0.3
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	11.9	10.4	1.2
Machinery manufacturing	333	5.7	5.8	0.3
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	11.1	2.4	0.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	14.5	4.9	0.7
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	8.4	9.4	0.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	16.1	4.1	0.7
Service providing		736.5	4.3	24.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		229.9	5.8	11.3
Wholesale trade	42	44.3	6.1	2.6
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	22.5	6.9	1.5
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	13.1	7.2	0.9
Retail trade	44-45	139.3	5.5	6.0
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	17.5	5.2	0.8
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	12.8	9.9	1.1
Food and beverage stores	445	22.8	9.4	1.5
General merchandise stores	452	27.1	6.5	1.3
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	42.3	6.6	2.7
Air transportation	481	6.7	7.5	0.4
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	1.8	(⁹)
Truck transportation	484	18.2	5.2	1.0
Utilities	22	4.0	2.2	0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Utilities	221	4.0	2.2	0.1
Information		31.2	2.4	0.6
Information	51	31.2	2.4	0.6
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.1	1.7	0.2
Financial activities		70.5	1.9	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	17.3	3.2	0.5
Real estate	531	11.7	2.0	0.2
Professional and business services		151.2	2.4	2.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	59.4	0.7	0.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	59.4	0.7	0.4
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	73.9	3.9	1.7
Administrative and support services	561	70.6	3.8	1.6
Education and health services		119.4	5.3	4.4
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	40.4	1.8	0.5
Hospitals	622	28.8	7.5	1.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	19.3	11.4	1.6
Leisure and hospitality		107.4	5.4	3.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	17.1	7.4	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	12.8	7.8	0.5
Accommodation and food services	72	90.3	5.1	2.8
Other services		26.8	4.5	0.9
Other services, except public administration	81	26.8	4.5	0.9
Repair and maintenance	811	12.9	4.2	0.4
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.0	4.2	0.1
State and local government		156.0	4.2	5.2
State government		53.1	4.2	1.9
Service providing		--	--	--
Financial activities		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Education and health services		32.1	6.1	1.4
Educational services	61	24.7	5.2	0.8
Educational services	611	24.7	5.2	0.8
Health care and social assistance	62	7.4	8.3	0.6
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	30.0	(⁹)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.1	30.0	(⁹)
Public administration		19.9	2.0	0.4
Public administration	92	19.9	2.0	0.4
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	2.2	1.7	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Administration of human resource programs	923	5.9	1.2	0.1
Local government		103.0	4.2	3.3
Goods producing ⁵		1.1	7.4	0.1
Service providing		101.8	4.2	3.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		6.1	7.6	0.4
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	4.1	9.8	0.3
Utilities	22	2.0	4.2	0.1
Information		1.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Financial activities		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Professional and business services		0.6	9.4	(⁹)
Education and health services		61.9	2.4	1.1
Leisure and hospitality		3.8	3.0	0.1
Public administration		27.8	7.2	1.6
Public administration	92	27.8	7.2	1.6
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	14.5	7.4	0.8
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	7.8	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates ¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	0.9	7.4	(⁹)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	0.5	7.8	(⁹)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as:
(N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S.

Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.

¹⁰ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 3. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and employment size, 2006

Utah						
Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)				
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more
All industries including State and local government	5.1	2.7	4.8	5.9	5.5	5.1
Private industry ³	5.2	2.6	5.0	6.4	5.6	4.6
Goods producing ³	6.9	4.5	8.3	8.0	5.7	4.4
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	5.6	1.4	6.4	7.2	3.6	--
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	8.6	(⁷)	8.8	8.9	--	--
Mining ⁴	4.7	1.6	5.1	6.7	2.4	--
Construction	7.1	5.0	8.6	6.9	7.0	--
Manufacturing	6.9	3.5	8.2	8.8	5.7	4.4
Service providing	4.5	2.0	3.7	5.8	5.6	4.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	5.9	2.8	5.0	7.0	7.2	7.0
Wholesale trade	6.1	--	8.3	6.5	11.4	--
Retail trade	5.6	--	3.7	7.0	6.5	--
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	6.9	--	5.5	7.9	7.2	7.4
Utilities	2.3	(⁷)	--	3.7	--	--
Information	2.6	--	--	3.6	3.8	1.2
Financial activities	2.1	--	--	--	0.9	--
Finance and insurance	--	--	--	--	--	--
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.2	--	--	4.4	--	--
Professional and business services	2.6	--	2.6	2.9	3.3	1.5
Professional, scientific, and technical services	0.8	--	--	0.9	1.1	--
Management of companies and enterprises	--	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	4.4	--	7.4	6.0	4.1	1.1
Education and health services	5.6	--	2.5	10.4	8.5	--
Educational services	--	--	--	--	--	--
Health care and social assistance	--	--	--	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality	5.5	(⁷)	5.2	5.4	10.7	--
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	7.4	(⁷)	--	6.2	13.9	--
Accommodation and food services	5.2	(⁷)	5.4	5.2	8.9	--
Other services	4.5	--	2.9	7.5	--	--
Other services, except public administration	--	--	--	--	--	--
State and local government	4.3	5.8	3.4	3.3	4.9	6.5
State government	4.3	--	2.4	1.3	--	--
Local government	4.3	--	3.7	3.6	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2002 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2002 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded

from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

⁷ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government⁵		1,117.8	46.0	19.2	9.2	10.0	26.8
Private industry⁵		961.8	40.7	17.5	7.9	9.6	23.2
Goods producing⁵		225.3	15.1	6.8	3.0	3.7	8.3
Natural resources and mining^{5,6}		13.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵	11	3.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Crop production ⁵	111	1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Animal production ⁵	112	1.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.1
Mining⁶	21	9.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	4.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Support activities for mining	213	4.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Construction		91.7	6.0	2.3	1.2	1.2	3.7
Construction	23	91.7	6.0	2.3	1.2	1.2	3.7
Construction of buildings	236	20.4	0.9	0.4	(⁹)	0.4	0.5
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5
Specialty trade contractors	238	62.2	4.5	1.8	1.1	0.7	2.7
Manufacturing		120.4	8.3	4.0	1.6	2.5	4.2
Manufacturing	31-33	120.4	8.3	4.0	1.6	2.5	4.2
Food manufacturing	311	13.4	1.2	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.6
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Paper manufacturing	322	2.8	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah							
(In thousands)							
Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.0	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Chemical manufacturing	325	7.9	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.4	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	11.9	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.7
Machinery manufacturing	333	5.7	0.4	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.2
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	11.1	0.3	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.2
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	14.5	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.4
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	8.4	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	16.1	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4
Service providing		736.5	25.6	10.8	4.9	5.9	14.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		229.9	11.6	5.3	2.2	3.1	6.3
Wholesale trade	42	44.3	2.6	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.2
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	22.5	1.5	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.8
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	13.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.3
Retail trade	44-45	139.3	6.1	2.3	0.9	1.3	3.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	17.5	0.9	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.7
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	12.8	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.7
Food and beverage stores	445	22.8	1.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.0
General merchandise stores	452	27.1	1.4	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.7
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	42.3	2.8	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.2
Air transportation	481	6.7	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Truck transportation	484	18.2	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5
Utilities	22	4.0	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Utilities	221	4.0	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	0.1
Information		31.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3
Information	51	31.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.1	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	0.1
Financial activities		70.5	1.3	0.6	0.2	--	0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	17.3	0.5	0.1	--	--	0.4
Real estate	531	11.7	0.2	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	0.2
Professional and business services		151.2	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.5	1.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	59.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	59.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.4
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	73.9	2.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.2
Administrative and support services	561	70.6	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.0
Education and health services		119.4	4.6	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.7
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	40.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
Hospitals	622	28.8	1.6	0.5	0.2	0.3	1.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	19.3	1.7	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.7
Leisure and hospitality		107.4	3.5	1.1	0.4	0.7	2.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	17.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	12.8	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2
Accommodation and food services	72	90.3	2.9	0.8	0.3	0.4	2.2
Other services		26.8	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Other services, except public administration	81	26.8	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Repair and maintenance	811	12.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.0	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
State and local government		156.0	5.3	1.6	1.3	0.4	3.6
State government		53.1	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.3
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		--	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Education and health services		32.1	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.0
Educational services	61	24.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Educational services	611	24.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.6
Health care and social assistance	62	7.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.4
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Public administration		19.9	0.4	0.2	--	--	0.2
Public administration	92	19.9	0.4	0.2	--	--	0.2
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	2.2	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Administration of human resource programs	923	5.9	0.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	--	0.1
Local government		103.0	3.4	1.0	0.9	0.1	2.4
Goods producing ⁵		1.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Service providing		101.8	3.3	1.0	0.8	0.1	2.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		6.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	4.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Utilities	22	2.0	0.1	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)	--
Information		1.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Financial activities		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Professional and business services		0.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Education and health services		61.9	1.1	0.3	0.3	(¹⁰)	0.8
Leisure and hospitality		3.8	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(⁹)
Public administration		27.8	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.1
Public administration	92	27.8	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	14.5	0.8	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	0.6	0.2	0.2	--	0.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2006 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	--	(¹⁰)	--
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	0.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	--	(¹⁰)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	0.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002 Edition

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.

¹⁰ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government ⁶		1,117.8	5.1	2.1	1.0	1.1	3.0
Private industry ⁶		961.8	5.2	2.2	1.0	1.2	2.9
Goods producing ⁶		225.3	6.9	3.1	1.4	1.7	3.8
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		13.1	5.6	2.8	2.0	0.9	2.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	3.6	8.6	4.4	2.8	1.6	4.2
Crop production ⁶	111	1.5	6.2	3.9	(¹¹)	3.1	2.3
Animal production ⁶	112	1.5	10.2	5.8	5.4	(¹¹)	4.4
Mining ⁷	21	9.6	4.7	2.3	1.7	0.7	2.4
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸	212	4.5	3.1	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.4
Support activities for mining	213	4.0	7.3	3.4	2.2	1.2	3.9
Construction		91.7	7.1	2.8	1.4	1.4	4.4
Construction	23	91.7	7.1	2.8	1.4	1.4	4.4
Construction of buildings	236	20.4	4.5	2.0	0.2	1.8	2.5
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	6.9	1.6	0.7	0.9	5.3
Specialty trade contractors	238	62.2	8.1	3.2	1.9	1.3	4.9
Manufacturing		120.4	6.9	3.4	1.3	2.1	3.5
Manufacturing	31-33	120.4	6.9	3.4	1.3	2.1	3.5
Food manufacturing	311	13.4	8.9	4.6	1.5	3.1	4.4
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.5	14.0	7.3	3.8	3.4	6.8
Paper manufacturing	322	2.8	5.9	2.1	1.1	1.0	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.0	2.5	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	1.6
Chemical manufacturing	325	7.9	5.9	3.3	1.2	2.0	2.6
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.4	11.1	6.5	1.9	4.6	4.6
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	5.8	2.6	0.9	1.7	3.2
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	7.4	4.4	1.3	3.1	3.0
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	11.9	10.6	4.3	2.0	2.3	6.3
Machinery manufacturing	333	5.7	6.1	2.1	0.8	1.3	4.0
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	11.1	2.5	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.5
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	14.5	5.6	2.6	1.0	1.6	3.1
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	8.4	10.1	6.5	2.5	4.0	3.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	16.1	4.8	2.0	0.8	1.2	2.8
Service providing		736.5	4.5	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		229.9	5.9	2.7	1.1	1.6	3.2
Wholesale trade	42	44.3	6.1	3.3	1.4	1.9	2.9
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	22.5	6.9	3.1	1.9	1.1	3.8
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	13.1	7.3	5.1	1.2	3.9	2.2
Retail trade	44-45	139.3	5.6	2.1	0.9	1.2	3.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	17.5	5.3	1.1	0.9	0.3	4.2
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	12.8	10.0	4.3	1.6	2.7	5.8
Food and beverage stores	445	22.8	9.5	3.5	1.7	1.8	6.0
General merchandise stores	452	27.1	6.8	3.4	1.0	2.4	3.4
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	42.3	6.9	3.9	1.7	2.3	2.9
Air transportation	481	6.7	8.1	4.7	2.3	2.3	3.4
Rail transportation ⁹	482	--	1.8	1.3	0.9	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Truck transportation	484	18.2	5.2	2.5	1.6	1.0	2.7
Utilities	22	4.0	2.3	0.8	(¹¹)	0.5	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Utilities	221	4.0	2.3	0.8	(¹¹)	0.5	1.4
Information		31.2	2.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.0
Information	51	31.2	2.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.0
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.1	1.8	0.5	0.4	(¹¹)	1.3
Financial activities		70.5	2.1	0.9	0.4	--	1.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	17.3	3.2	0.8	--	--	2.4
Real estate	531	11.7	2.1	0.3	--	0.1	1.7
Professional and business services		151.2	2.6	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	59.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	(¹¹)	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	59.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	(¹¹)	0.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	73.9	4.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.6
Administrative and support services	561	70.6	4.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.6
Education and health services		119.4	5.6	2.3	1.0	1.2	3.3
Health care and social assistance	62	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ambulatory health care services	621	40.4	1.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.5
Hospitals	622	28.8	7.9	2.4	1.1	1.3	5.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	19.3	12.1	7.3	2.9	4.4	4.7
Leisure and hospitality		107.4	5.5	1.7	0.7	1.1	3.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	17.1	7.4	4.4	1.1	3.4	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	12.8	7.8	5.1	0.9	4.2	2.7
Accommodation and food services	72	90.3	5.2	1.4	0.6	0.8	3.8
Other services		26.8	4.5	1.6	0.6	1.0	2.9
Other services, except public administration	81	26.8	4.5	1.6	0.6	1.0	2.9
Repair and maintenance	811	12.9	4.2	1.9	0.7	--	2.3
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.0	4.2	2.1	1.1	1.0	2.2
State and local government		156.0	4.3	1.4	1.1	0.3	3.0
State government		53.1	4.3	1.4	0.9	0.5	2.9
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		--	3.6	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Education and health services		32.1	6.1	1.8	1.1	0.7	4.3
Educational services	61	24.7	5.2	1.7	0.8	0.9	3.5
Educational services	611	24.7	5.2	1.7	0.8	0.9	3.5
Health care and social assistance	62	7.4	8.4	1.9	1.8	(¹¹)	6.4
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	30.0	18.8	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.1	30.0	18.8	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Public administration		19.9	2.1	0.9	--	--	1.2
Public administration	92	19.9	2.1	0.9	--	--	1.2
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	2.2	1.7	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Administration of human resource programs	923	5.9	1.3	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	--	1.0
Local government		103.0	4.3	1.3	1.1	0.2	3.0
Goods producing ⁶		1.1	7.4	3.3	2.7	--	4.1
Service providing		101.8	4.3	1.3	1.1	0.2	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		6.1	7.7	1.8	1.1	0.7	5.9
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	4.1	9.8	2.1	1.5	0.6	7.7
Utilities	22	2.0	4.2	1.2	(¹¹)	0.8	--
Information		1.2	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Financial activities		--	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Professional and business services		0.6	9.7	6.6	3.6	(¹¹)	3.1
Education and health services		61.9	2.5	0.7	0.7	(¹¹)	1.8
Leisure and hospitality		3.8	3.8	1.4	1.4	(¹¹)	2.5
Public administration		27.8	7.4	2.3	1.9	0.4	5.1
Public administration	92	27.8	7.4	2.3	1.9	0.4	5.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	14.5	7.6	2.0	1.8	0.3	5.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	7.8	2.5	2.1	--	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Utah

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.7	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	--	(¹¹)	--
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	0.9	7.4	3.9	(¹¹)	--	(¹¹)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	0.5	8.0	5.1	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.